# Counting and Representing Numbers $1^{\text {st }}$ Grade 

## Stacey Williams: smwilliams8687@gmail.com

Tiffany Chaney:
tiffany.chaney@wilmington.k12.oh.us
Theresa Barley:
theresa.barley@wilmington.k12.oh.us

## Counting and Representing Numbers: Activity 1

Learning Target: Students will represent a number of objects with a written numeral.
Connection: Students will take any number and understand there are different ways to represent those numbers. Students will be exposed to a review of numbers $0-12$ and asked to expand those numbers up to 20 . Since first grade students are expected to add and subtract within 20 , this activity will improve their ability to recognize and understand number concepts up to 20.

Standards: CC.1.NBT.A.1: Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

## Mathematical Practices:

SMP 4: Model with Mathematics ---Students use the appropriate models for numbers. They analyze their pictures to draw conclusions about their numbers.

SMP 6: Attend to Precision --- Students communicate with others using clear definitions and their own reasoning. Students use appropriate math vocabulary when discussing their pictures.

Materials: chart paper; Anno's Counting Book; markers or crayons; Handout 1;
Procedures:

- Introduce Anno's Counting Book. Ask students to predict what will happen in the story.
- Display first page and ask students what they notice in the story.
- Display the second page and ask students to discuss with a partner similarities and differences.
- Chart students' responses making sure to focus on key vocabulary.
- Continue reading Anno's Counting Book, discussing/counting the objects on each numeral's page.
- Break into small groups and introduce the activity:
- Each group receives Handout 1 and teacher states the number (13-20) that each group will represent.
- Ask "Think about how many ways you can represent your number?"
- Have students work on their pages as teacher circulates. Teacher is a facilitator as students lead their own discussion and discovery.
- Bring students together and discuss students' thinking regarding the learning target. Guide students to discover any misconceptions through questioning and discussion.
- Closure: Make a connection about ways numbers are represented around them. (Real-World)


## Adaptations:

Higher-level --- use numbers greater than 20.
Lower-level --- strategically partnered; create guide for the written number on Handout;

Assessment: completed book pages; teacher observation on the process

## Counting and Representing Numbers: Activity 2

Learning Targets: Students will represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

Connection: Students will take any number and understand there are different ways to represent those numbers. Students will be exposed to a review of numbers 0-12 and asked to expand those numbers up to 20 . Since first grade students are expected to add and subtract within 20 , this activity will improve their ability to recognize and understand number concepts up to 20.

## Standards:

CC.1.NBT.A.1: Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

## Mathematical Practices:

SMP 4: Model with Mathematics ---Students use the appropriate models for numbers. They analyze their pictures to draw conclusions about their numbers.

SMP 6: Attend to Precision --- Students communicate with others using clear definitions and their own reasoning. Students use appropriate math vocabulary when discussing their pictures.

Materials: chart paper; base-10 blocks; markers or crayons; Handout 1; Anno's Counting Book

Procedures:

- Number Talk: Give a Number Talk using Dot Cards up to 12. Chart student discussion.
- Revisit Anno's Counting Book. Compare and contrast the students' book pages from Activity 1 with Anno's Counting Book.
- Given base-10 blocks, review using base-10 blocks to represent numbers.
- Students get back into previous groups and add base-10 representations to their pictures.
- Closure: Groups present their book pages to the class and explain their number representations.


## Adaptations:

Higher-level --- use numbers greater than 20.
Lower-level --- strategically partnered; create guide for the written number on Handout;

Assessment: completed book pages; teacher observation on the process

## Counting and Representing Numbers: Activity 3

Learning Targets: Students will represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

Connection: Students will take any number and understand there are different ways to represent those numbers. Students will be exposed to a review of numbers 0-12 and asked to expand those numbers up to 20 . Since first grade students are expected to add and subtract within 20 , this activity will improve their ability to recognize and understand number concepts up to 20.

## Standards:

CC.1.NBT.A.1: Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

## Mathematical Practices:

SMP 4: Model with Mathematics ---Students use the appropriate models for numbers. They analyze their pictures to draw conclusions about their numbers.

SMP 6: Attend to Precision --- Students communicate with others using clear definitions and their own reasoning. Students use appropriate math vocabulary when discussing their pictures.

Materials: markers or bingo daubers; Number Card Handout; teacher-created numeral-word matching game; base-10 blocks

## Procedures:

- Students will choose a number 0-20 and complete their Number Card Handout at the stations.
o Station 1: Make dot cards using bingo daubers.
0 Station 2: Play a numeral and word matching game. Write the correct word for the chosen number.
o Station 3: Use base-10 blocks to make numbers 0-20. Draw a quick picture of the chosen number.

0 Station 4: Create a ten-frame for the chosen number using markers or bingo daubers.
o Station 5: Write the expanded form for the chosen number.

Adaptations:
Higher-level --- use numbers greater than 20.
Lower-level --- complete 3 stations; number word is filled in

Assessment: completed Number Card Handout; teacher observation on the process

Source: Number Talks. Sherry Parrish, 2010

Name:
Number Card

## Dot Card

My number is


Ten Frame

